## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

### Listing of Claims:

1. (Previously submitted) A compound of the formula:

$$R_1 \xrightarrow{N} N \xrightarrow{R_2} R_3$$

or the pharmaceutically acceptable acid salts thereof wherein:  $R_1 \text{ is halogen or } C_1\text{--}C_4 \text{ alkyl};$ 

 $R_2$  and  $R_3$  are the same or different and represent hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkoxy, alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, monoalkylamino or dialkylamino,

with the proviso that  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  may not be 2-isopropoxyl and hydrogen respectively when  $R_1$  is bromo;

wherein in an assay for D2 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of greater than 300 nM.

- 2. (Original) A compound according to Claim 1, wherein  $\ensuremath{R_1}$  is methyl.
  - 3. (Previously submitted) A compound of the formula:

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein  $R_{\mathsf{x}}$  is fluorine, chlorine, bromine, or iodine; and

 $R_2$  and  $R_3$  are the same or different and represent hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkoxy, alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, monoalkylamino or dialkylamino;

wherein in an assay for D2 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of greater than 300 nM.

- 4. (Original) A compound according to Claim 3, wherein  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  may not be 2-isopropoxyl and hydrogen, respectively, when  $R_1$  is bromo.
- 5. (Original) A compound according to claim 3, wherein  $R_{\rm x}$  is chloride;  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  may not be 2-isopropoxyl and hydrogen, respectively, when  $R_1$  is bromo;  $R_2$  is chloride, methyl or methoxy; and  $R_3$  is hydrogen or methyl.
- 6. (Original) A compound according to claim 5, wherein the phenyl group substituted with  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  is selected from the group consisting of:

# 7. (Previously submitted) A compound of the formula:

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein  $\label{eq:Ra} R_a \text{ is } C_1\text{-}C_4 \text{ alkyl}; \text{ and }$ 

 $R_2$  and  $R_3$  are the same or different and represent hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkoxy, alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, monoalkylamino or dialkylamino;

wherein in an assay for D2 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of greater than 300 nM.

- 8. (Original) A compound according to Claim 7, wherein  $R_1$  is methyl.
- 9. (Original) A compound of according to Claim 7, wherein  $R_2$  is chloride, fluoride, methyl or methoxy; and  $R_3$  is hydrogen or methyl.
- 10. (Original) A compound according to claim 8, wherein the phenyl group substituted with  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  is selected from the group consisting of:

11. (Previously submitted) A compound of the formula:

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein:

 $R_1$  is  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkyl or halogen; and

wherein in an assay for D2 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of greater than 300 nM.

12. (Original) A compound according to Claim 11, wherein  $\ensuremath{R_1}$  is chloro.

#### 13-35. (Canceled)

- 36. (New) A compound according to claim 1 wherein the Ki value is greater than  $600\ \mathrm{nM}.$
- 37. (New) A compound according to claim 1 wherein the Ki value is greater than 1000 nM.
- 38. (New) A compound according to claim 3 wherein the Ki value of greater than  $600\ \mathrm{nM}$ .

- 39. (New) A compound according to claim 3 wherein the Ki value is greater than 1000 nM.
- 40. (New) A compound according to claim 7 wherein the Ki value is greater than 600 nM.
- 41. (New) A compound according to claim 7 wherein the Ki value is greater than 1000 nM.
- 42. (New) A compound according to claim 11 wherein the Ki value is greater than 600 nM.
- 43. (New) A compound according to claim 11 wherein the Ki value is greater than 1000 nM.
  - 44. (New) A compound of the formula:

$$R_1$$
 $N$ 
 $N$ 
 $R_2$ 
 $R_3$ 

or the pharmaceutically acceptable acid salts thereof wherein:  $R_1 \ \text{is halogen or} \ C_1\text{-}C_4 \ \text{alkyl};$ 

 $R_2$  and  $R_3$  are the same or different and represent hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkoxy, alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, monoalkylamino or dialkylamino,

with the proviso that  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  may not be 2-isopropoxyl and hydrogen respectively when  $R_1$  is bromo;

- wherein in an assay for D4 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of 16 nM or less.
- 45. (New) A compound according to Claim 44, wherein  $R_1$  is methyl.
  - 46. (New) A compound of the formula:

$$R_{x} = N$$

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein

 $R_{\mathsf{x}}$  is fluorine, chlorine, bromine, or iodine; and

- $R_2$  and  $R_3$  are the same or different and represent hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkoxy, alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, monoalkylamino or dialkylamino;
- wherein in an assay for D4 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of 16 nM or less.

- 47. (New) A compound according to Claim 46, wherein  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  may not be 2-isopropoxyl and hydrogen, respectively, when  $R_1$  is bromo.
- 48. (New) A compound according to claim 46, wherein  $R_x$  is chloride;  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  may not be 2-isopropoxyl and hydrogen, respectively, when  $R_1$  is bromo;  $R_2$  is chloride, methyl or methoxy; and  $R_3$  is hydrogen or methyl.
- 49. (New) A compound according to claim 48, wherein the phenyl group substituted with  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  is selected from the group consisting of:

$$R_{a} \overbrace{\hspace{1cm} N \hspace{1cm} N}^{R_{2}} R_{3}$$

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein  $R_a \mbox{ is } C_1\hbox{-} C_4 \mbox{ alkyl}; \mbox{ and}$ 

- $R_2$  and  $R_3$  are the same or different and represent hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy, alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, monoalkylamino or dialkylamino;
- wherein in an assay for D4 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of 16 nM or less.
- 51. (New) A compound according to Claim 50, wherein  $R_1$  is methyl.
- 52. (New) A compound of according to Claim 50, wherein  $R_2$  is chloride, fluoride, methyl or methoxy; and  $R_3$  is hydrogen or methyl.
- 53. (New) A compound according to claim 51, wherein the phenyl group substituted with  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  is selected from the group consisting of:

$$R_1$$

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein:

 $R_1$  is  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkyl or halogen; and

wherein in an assay for D4 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of 16 nM or less.

- 55. (New) A compound according to Claim 54, wherein  $R_1$  is chloro.
  - 56. (New) A compound of the formula:

$$R_1$$
 $N$ 
 $N$ 
 $R_2$ 
 $R_3$ 

or the pharmaceutically acceptable acid salts thereof wherein:  $R_1$  is halogen or  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl;

 $R_2$  and  $R_3$  are the same or different and represent hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkoxy, alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, monoalkylamino or dialkylamino,

with the proviso that  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  may not be 2-isopropoxyl and hydrogen respectively when  $R_1$  is bromo;

- wherein in an assay for D2 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of greater than 300 nM, and wherein in an assay for D4 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of 16 nM or less.
- 57. (New) A compound according to Claim 56, wherein  $R_1$  is methyl.

# 58. (New) A compound of the formula:

$$R_{x} = R_{x}$$

-12-

- or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein  $R_{\mathsf{x}}$  is fluorine, chlorine, bromine, or iodine; and
- $R_2$  and  $R_3$  are the same or different and represent hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy, alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, monoalkylamino or dialkylamino;
- wherein in an assay for D2 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of greater than 300 nM, and wherein in an assay for D4 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of 16 nM or less.
- 59. (New) A compound according to Claim 58, wherein  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  may not be 2-isopropoxyl and hydrogen, respectively, when  $R_1$  is bromo.
- 60. (New) A compound according to claim 58; wherein  $R_x$  is chloride;  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  may not be 2-isopropoxyl and hydrogen, respectively, when  $R_1$  is bromo;  $R_2$  is chloride, methyl or methoxy; and  $R_3$  is hydrogen or methyl.
- 61. (New) A compound according to claim 60, wherein the phenyl group substituted with  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  is selected from the group consisting of:

$$R_{a} = N$$

$$N$$

$$R_{2}$$

$$R_{3}$$

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein  $R_a \mbox{ is } C_1\hbox{-} C_4 \mbox{ alkyl}; \mbox{ and}$ 

 $R_2$  and  $R_3$  are the same or different and represent hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkoxy, alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, monoalkylamino or dialkylamino;

wherein in an assay for D2 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of greater than 300 nM, and wherein in

an assay for D4 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of 16 nM or less.

- 63. (New) A compound according to Claim 62, wherein  $R_1$  is methyl.
- 64. (New) A compound of according to Claim 62, wherein  $R_2$  is chloride, fluoride, methyl or methoxy; and  $R_3$  is hydrogen or methyl.
- 65. (New) A compound according to claim 63, wherein the phenyl group substituted with  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  is selected from the group consisting of:

$$R_1$$

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein:

 $R_1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl or halogen; and

wherein in an assay for D2 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of greater than 300 nM, and wherein in an assay for D4 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of 16 nM or less.

67. (New) A compound according to Claim 66, wherein  $R_1$  is chloro.